Published: 2/15/67

<u>Identification</u>

Fault Assignment R. M. Graham

<u>Purpose</u>

A number of faults have been reserved for special interpretation by the system. This section lists these faults and describes their interpretation.

Fault Assignments

- 1. Fault tag 2
 Standard Multics linkage fault; always passed to the linker.
- 3. Master mode entry 1 (Reserved for future assignment)
- 5. Master mode entry 3 (Reserved for future assignment)
- 6. Master mode entry 4 (Reserved for future assignment)
- 7. Illegal procedure, illegal operation code sub-condition Used to simulate new instructions not yet retrofitted onto the processor.
- 8. Illegal procedure, out of bounds sub-condition Used by the Basic File System.
- 9. Illegal procedure, access violation (attempt to execute data) subcondition
 Used to intercept an attempted outward wall crossing; always passed to the gatekeeper.
- 10. Timer runout

 Transformed into time-out interrupt signal and processes with other interrupts.

- 11. Connect

 Reserved to mean "clear your associative memory".
- 12. Directed fault 0
 Used in page and segment descriptors to indicate
 a missing page or segment.
- 13. Directed fault 1
 Used for metering core storage usage.
- 14. Directed fault 2
 Used to intercept an attempted inward wall crossing; always passed to the gatekeeper.
- 15. Directed fault 3
 Used by the basic file system to deny all access to a page or segment (even to master mode procedures).
- 16. Directed fault 4
 Used for "unusual mode simulation" i.e., simulation of those file access attributes which have no direct counterpart in segment descriptors.
- 17. Directed fault 5
 (Reserved for future assignment)

- 20. Derail and Fault tag 1
 These faults are reserved for use by users and will not be given special interpretation by the system.